

für dich

Indefinite Article

From previous chapters you have learned that the definite articles in German are *der*, *die* and *das*, which means “the.” The corresponding indefinite articles are *ein*, *eine* and *ein* meaning “a” or “an.” Similar to the definite articles in the accusative (*den*, *die*, *das*), there are indefinite articles (*einen*, *eine*, *ein*) as well. The following shows both definite and indefinite articles in the nominative and accusative case.

nominative	der	die	das
	ein	eine	ein
accusative	den	die	das
	einen	eine	ein

Notice that similar to the accusative of the definite article (*den*), the accusative of the indefinite article (*einen*) changes from its respective nominative article.



- 5 *der, die, das, ein, eine?* Indicate whether the following words are masculine, feminine, or neuter by writing **der**, **die** or **das** and then **ein** or **eine**.

Beispiel: _____ Fahrplan
der, ein

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. _____ Bahnhof | 9. _____ Sport |
| 2. _____ Karte | 10. _____ Landkarte |
| 3. _____ Jahreszeit | 11. _____ Lehrer |
| 4. _____ Linie | 12. _____ Klasse |
| 5. _____ Stuhl | 13. _____ Bleistift |
| 6. _____ Freundin | 14. _____ Note |
| 7. _____ Rechner | 15. _____ Klasse |
| 8. _____ Fach | 16. _____ Problem |